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GluDown® Foam Board Adhesive Low VOC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: GluDown® Foam Board Adhesive Low VOC

Revision Date: May 4, 2026

Version: 2.0

Part Number: GD1516

Manufactured For:

GluDown, Inc.
1501 10th Street, Suite 150
Plano, TX 75074
United States of America

Information Phone: 214-504-2503

Emergency Phone: Chemtrec 800-424-9300 / INTERNATIONAL 1-703-527-3887

Restriction on Use: For commercial use only – not packaged or labeled for home use.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification:

Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure – Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) - Category 3
Aspiration Hazard – Category 1
Skin Irritation - Category 2
Eye Irritation - Category 2A
Aerosols - Category 1
Acute toxicity Oral – Category 5
Reproductive Toxicity – Category 2
Germ Cell Mutagenicity – Category 2

Safety data sheet prepared in accordance to the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Pictograms:



Signal Word:

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Physical:

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol

H229 - Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

Hazardous Statements - Health:

H303 - May be harmful if swallowed.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements - General:

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention:

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

Precautionary Statements - Response:

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P314 - Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P321 - For specific treatment see section 4 of SDS.

Precautionary Statements - Storage:

P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P405 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal:

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.

Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENT

CAS	Chemical Name	% by Weight
0000110-54-3	HEXANE	10% - 30%
0000115-10-6	METHYL ETHER	10% - 30%
0000075-37-6	DIFLUOROETHANE	10% - 30%
0220543-67-9	Cyclopentene, polymer with 1-butene, (2E)-2-butene, (2Z)-2-butene, 2-methyl-1-propene and 1, 3-pentadiene	7% - 13%
0000110-82-7	CYCLOHEXANE	5% - 10%
0025038-32-8	Isoprene-Styrene Polymer	5% - 10%
0000079-20-9	METHYL ACETATE	1% - 5%
0003710-84-7	DIETHYL HYDROXYLAMINE	0.1% - 1%
0064742-94-5	AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	Trace
0000091-20-3	NAPHTHALENE	Trace
0000092-52-4	BIPHENYL	Trace

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Take precautions to ensure your own safety (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment).

Skin Contact:

Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes or until medical aid is available.

Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before re-use or discard.

If skin irritation occurs or you feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.

IF exposed or concerned: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts).

Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

Eye Contact:

If eye irritation persists:

Get medical advice/attention.

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes.

Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute or Delayed

No data available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgement of the physician in response to the reaction of the patient.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Small Fire: Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Large Fire: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Do not use straight stream of water.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:

Fire will produce irritating gases. Contents under pressure. May be ignited by friction, heat, sparks or flames.

Containers can explode in a fire. Containers exposed to heat and flames may rupture with violent force. Cylinders exposed to fire may vent and release gas through pressure relief devices. Vapors will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks) Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Precautions for Firefighters:

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Equipment:

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spills:

Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill cleanup must wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

For small spills (e.g., < 1 gallon (3.8 L)) wear appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g., goggles, gloves). Maximize ventilation (open doors and windows). Remove spilled material with absorbent material and place into appropriate closed container(s) for disposal. Dispose of properly in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Wash all affected areas and outside of container with plenty of warm water and soap. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

For large spills (e.g., ≥ 1 gallon (3.8 L)), deny entry to all unprotected individuals. Dike and contain spill with inert material (e.g., sand or earth). Transfer liquid to containers for recovery or disposal and solid diking material to separate containers for proper disposal. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Keep spills and cleaning runoffs out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

General:

Wash hands after use. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. All containers must be properly labelled. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Ventilation Requirements:

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Report ventilation failures immediately.

Storage Room Requirements:

Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and strong oxidizers. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by ground and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection:

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids.

Skin Protection:

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	[A2[N159]A2[N800]]; [A4[N159]A4[N800]];	URT irr [N159]URT irr [N800]	A2[N159]A2[N800]]; [A4[N159]A4[N800]];	500	2000			1
BIPHENYL		Pulm func		0.2	1			
CYCLOHEXANE		CNS impair; eye & URT irr		300	1050			1
DIETHYL HYDROXYLAMINE		URT irr						
DIFLUOROETHANE	A4	Bone dam; fluorosis	A4; BEI		2.5			1
HEXANE		CNS impair; peripheral neuropathy; eye irr	Skin; BEI	500	1800			1
METHYL ACETATE		Headache; dizziness; nausea; eye dam (degeneration of ganglion cells in the retina)		200	610			1
NAPHTHALENE	A3	URT irr; cataracts; hemolytic anemia	Skin; A3; BEI	10	50			1

Chemical Name	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH Carcinogen	ACGIH TWA (ppm)
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9								(L)[N159](L)[N800]
BIPHENYL			0.2	1				0.2
CYCLOHEXANE			300	1050				100
DIETHYL HYDROXYLAMINE								2
DIFLUOROETHANE								

HEXANE			50	180				50
METHYL ACETATE			200	610	250	760	250	200
NAPHTHALENE			10	50	15	75		10

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	[(L)[N159](L) [N800]]; [5 (I) [N159]5 (I) [N800]];		
BIPHENYL			
CYCLOHEXANE			
DIETHYL HYDROXYLAMINE			
DIFLUOROETHANE	2.5		
HEXANE			
METHYL ACETATE		250	
NAPHTHALENE			

A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, dam - Damage, func - Function, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, pulm - Pulmonary, URT - Upper respiratory tract.

The information in this Section does not list non-hazardous components that might have relevant NIOSH TWA (mg/m3), OSHA TWA (ppm), OSHA TWA (mg/m3) OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3) regulatory values, if they are present at less than 1%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

Density	6.36 lb/gal
Specific Gravity	0.76181
VOC Actual (g/l)	469.76 g/l
Density VOC	3.92 lb/gal
% VOC	61.66%
VOC Composite Partial Pressure	N/A
Appearance	Liquid
Odor Threshold	N/A
Odor Description	Solvent
pH	N/A
Flammability	N/A
Water Solubility	N/A
Flash Point Symbol	N/A
Flash Point	N/A
Viscosity	N/A
Lower Explosion Level	N/A
Upper Explosion Level	N/A
Vapor Pressure	N/A
Vapor Density	N/A

Freezing Point	N/A
Melting Point	N/A
Low Boiling Point	N/A
High Boiling Point	N/A
Auto Ignition Temp	N/A
Evaporation Rate	N/A
Kinematic Viscosity	N/A
Kinematic Viscosity Temperature	N/A

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

No data available.

Chemical Stability:

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization:

Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials.

Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials:

Strong bases, acids, and oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

The substance is irritating to the skin.

0000110-82-7 CYCLOHEXANE

May affect the central nervous system. May damage the liver and kidneys.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:

Causes serious eye irritation.

0000110-82-7 CYCLOHEXANE

Can irritate and burn the eyes.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization:

0000110-82-7 CYCLOHEXANE

Can irritate and burn the skin.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive Toxicity:

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

Animal tests show that this substance possibly causes toxic effects upon human reproduction.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

0000110-82-7 CYCLOHEXANE

Exposure can cause headache, dizziness, and lightheadedness.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

Repeated or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermatitis. The substance may have effects on the central nervous system and peripheral nervous system. This may result in polyneuropathy.

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis.

Aspiration Hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

ASPIRATION causes severe lung irritation, coughing, pulmonary edema: excitement followed by depression.

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

If liquid is swallowed, it may get into lungs by aspiration.

Acute Toxicity:

May be harmful if swallowed.

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an oral exposure to this mixture is 4462.73 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for a dermal exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (vapour) exposure to this mixture is >20 mg/l

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (dust and mist) exposure to this mixture is >5 mg/l

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

INHALATION causes irritation of respiratory tract, cough, mild depression, cardiac arrhythmias. It has been reported that a 10-minute exposure to 5,000 ppm caused dizziness and a sensation of giddiness.

INGESTION causes nausea, vomiting, swelling of abdomen, headache, depression.

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

High concentration of vapors may cause intoxication.

Chronic Exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Likely Routes of Exposure:

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact.

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation of its vapor and by ingestion.

0000110-82-7 CYCLOHEXANE

Mildly irritating to the respiratory tract. If swallowed, aspiration into the lungs may result in chemical pneumonitis.

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0000091-20-3 NAPHTHALENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Tests in some laboratory animals demonstrate carcinogenic activity. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: kidneys, liver. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

0000110-82-7 CYCLOHEXANE

LD50 (oral, rat): 8-39 mL/kg (6200 to 30400 mg/kg) (3)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 1300 mg/kg (3)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 18000 mg/kg (4)

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

LC50 (male rat): 38500 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 77000 ppm (271040 mg/m³) (1-hour exposure) (15)

LC50 (rat): 48000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (16)

LC50 (rat): 73680 ppm (260480 mg/m³) (4-hour exposure) (n-hexane and isomers) (1,3)

LD50 (oral, 14-day old rat): 15840 mg/kg (3)

LD50 (oral, young rat): 32340 mg/kg (3)

LD50 (oral, adult rat): 28700 mg/kg (3,16)

0000091-20-3 NAPHTHALENE

LC50: Insufficient data

LD50 (oral, mouse): 533 mg/kg (male); 710 mg/kg (female) (1)

LD50 (oral, rat): 1780 mg/kg (2)

0000079-20-9 METHYL ACETATE

LC50 (rat): 16000-32000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (9)

LD50 (oral, rat): greater than 5000 mg/kg (4)

LD50 (oral, rabbit): 3700 mg/kg (cited as 50 millimols/kg) (10)

LD50 (skin, rabbit): greater than 5000 mg/kg (4)

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

LC50 (Rodent - rat, Inhalation) : >590 mg/m³ (4 hour exposure) Toxic effects : Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value.

LD50 (Rodent - rabbit, Administration onto the skin) : >2 mL/kg ,Toxic effects : Behavioral - somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - changes in motor activity (specific assay) Behavioral - irritability

0000092-52-4 BIPHENYL

LD50 (oral, rat): 3280 mg/kg (7); 5040 mg/kg (8)

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

0000110-82-7 CYCLOHEXANE

Readily biodegradable

Persistence and Degradability:

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

Readily biodegradable in water.

0000110-82-7 CYCLOHEXANE

Readily biodegradable

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

Readily biodegradable

Bio-accumulative Potential:

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in Soil:

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects:

No data available.

Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

The substance is not PBT / vPvB

0000110-82-7 CYCLOHEXANE

The substance is not PBT / vPvB

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal:

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws. It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Information:

Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

UN/NA #: UN1950

Hazard Class: 2.1

Required Mark: Limited Quantity

IMDG Information:

Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

UN/NA #: 1950

Hazard Class: 2.1

Required Mark: Limited Quantity

Marine Pollutant: No data available

IATA Information:

Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

UN/NA #: UN1950

Hazard Class: 2.1

Required Mark: Limited Quantity

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0000110-54-3	HEXANE	10% - 30%	SARA313, Canada_NPRI, DSL - Domestic Substance List, CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, HAPS, SARA312, OC_HAPS, VOC, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), NEI - National Emissions Inventory, CA_Prop65, CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Male - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Male, NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know
0000115-10-6	METHYL ETHER	10% - 30%	DHS_COI - DHS_Chemical Of Interest, Canada_NPRI, DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, VOC, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know
0000075-37-6	DIFLUOROETHANE	10% - 30%	DHS_COI - DHS_Chemical Of Interest, DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, VOC_exempt, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), NEI National Emissions Inventory, NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL)
0220543-67-9	Cyclopentene, polymer with 1- butene, (2E)-2-butene, (2Z)-2-butene, 2-methyl-1-propene and 1,3- pentadiene	7% - 13%	NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), TSCA_PMN - TSCA Pre-manufacture Notices (PMNs)
0000110-82-7	CYCLOHEXANE	5% - 10%	SARA313, Canada_NPRI, DSL - Domestic Substance List, CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, SARA312, VOC, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know

0025038-32-8	Isoprene-Styrene Polymer	5% - 10%	DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)
0000079-20-9	METHYL ACETATE	1% - 5%	DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, VOC_exempt, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know
0003710-84-7	DIETHYL HYDROXYLAMINE	0.10% - 1%	DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, VOC, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)
0064742-94-5	AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	Trace	Canada_NPRI, DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, VOC, IARCCarcinogen, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)
0000091-20-3	NAPHTHALENE	Trace	SARA313, Canada_NPRI, DSL - Domestic Substance List, CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, HAPS, SARA312, OC_HAPS, VOC, IARCCarcinogen, NTP_Carcinogen - National Toxicology Program Carcinogens, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), NEI - National Emissions Inventory, CA_Prop65, CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer, NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know
0000092-52-4	BIPHENYL	Trace	Canada_NPRI, DSL - Domestic Substance List, CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, HAPS, SARA312, OC_HAPS, VOC, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), NEI - National Emissions Inventory, NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know

The information in this Section does not list non-hazardous components that might have relevant MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know, NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), SARA312, DSL - Domestic Substance List regulatory values, if they are present at less than 1%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including NAPHTHALENE which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and HEXANE which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

GLOSSARY:

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service ; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center; DSL - Domestic Substances List; ESL- Effects screening levels; GHS - "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Service; IATA - Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA); IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; ppm - parts per million; STEL - Short-term exposure limit; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time-weighted average; US DOT- US Department of Transportation.

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